# CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Commissioners of Children and Families Commission of Fresno County Fresno, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children and Families Commission of Fresno County (the Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Commission, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 7 to the financial statements, in 2022, the Commission adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-9 and 34-36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplemental Schedule of First 5 California (F5CA) Funding is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the

underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Schedule of First 5 California (F5CA) Funding is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2022, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Price Parge & Company

Clovis, California October 10, 2022

#### INTRODUCTION

On November 3, 1998, California voters approved Proposition 10, the California Children and Families Act (Act). The Act increased tobacco taxes to provide funds for early childhood development and smoking cessation programs. The passage of this Act created an unprecedented opportunity for Fresno County to mobilize its many resources and create an integrated, coordinated system of care that supports and enhances the lives of children from the prenatal stage up through age five and their families. The intent of the Act is for all California children to be healthy, live in a supportive and healthy family environment, and enter school ready to learn.

The Fresno County (the County) Board of Supervisors created the Children and Families Commission of Fresno County (the Commission) on December 8, 1998, under the provisions of the Act. The Commission consists of up to seven members appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. The Commission is a public entity legally separate and apart from the County.

This report contains a discussion of key program, management, financial, and performance information for fiscal year 2021-2022 and financial statements that discuss the Commission's financial condition, and the auditor's opinion, which is independent and objective and provides reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements. Finally, this comprehensive report contains other statutorily required information that demonstrates management accountability and financial and programmatic performance. As management of the Commission, we offer readers our financial statements and this narrative overview and analysis for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments,* issued June 1999, and GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management and Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus,* an amendment to GASB Statement No. 21 and Statement No. 34, issued in June 2001.

# MISSION AND STRATEGIC GOALS

The Commission's mission is to be a catalyst for creating a seamless system of quality, accessible services by partnering with the community to support the well-being of every child and family.

Central to the Commission's mission are the strategic investment areas, outlined in the Commission's Strategic Plan, which aim to convert the Commission's commitment into action symbolically categorized into three tiers starting with the core: Families; surrounded by Communities, encircled by Systems.

## **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- During fiscal year 2021-2022, the Commission allocated and received Proposition 10 revenues of \$7.3 million from the State of California as revenues collected under the Children and Families Act and \$2.4 million in backfill dollars from Proposition 56.
- The Commission disbursed approximately \$6.4 million to funded agencies in the reported period ending June 30, 2022.
- Over \$9.0 million was committed by the Commission towards the agency's Strategic Plan, which will be disbursed in the subsequent fiscal years to fund its programmatic investments.

# **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts – the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the Commission. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the Commission's overall financial position.
- **Fund financial statements** focus on reporting the individual parts of the Commission's operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - **Government funds** statements tell how general governmental services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information within the statements and provide more detailed data. These are followed by a section of required supplementary information which further explains and supports the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the Commission as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial position of the Commission.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The Government-Wide Statements combine financial information for both the Commission (General Fund) and for the Lighthouse for Children, Inc. (Lighthouse Special Revenue Fund)—see Note 1 to the Financial Statements for more information. Separately-issued Financial Statements for Lighthouse for Children, Inc. may be obtained from Lighthouse for Children, Inc. of Fresno County, 2405 Tulare Street, Fresno, California 93721.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Commission's most significant funds – not the Commission as a whole. Funds are accounting devises that the Commission uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. The Commission establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the Commission is meeting legal responsibility for using certain revenues.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

The Commission's total assets were approximately \$46.3 million at the end of the fiscal year. The majority of the Commission's assets are in cash and investments of \$30.3 million along with the Lighthouse for Children building valued at \$13.1 million.

Cash and investments are maintained in the Commission's checking and savings accounts, the Fresno County investment pool where interest earned on the Commission's balance is apportioned to the Commission, and in an investment account. Types of investments and credit ratings can be found in this report starting on page 24. Another asset is the Commission's approximately \$635k receivable due from the State Commission for Proposition 10 (page 12). These receivables represent taxes remitted by the State but not received by the Commission as of June 30, 2022. The Commission also reports accounts payable of approximately \$2.2 million representing payments due on invoices.

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPARISON

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021			Change
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	30,263,328	\$	26,369,840	\$	3,893,488
Due from the state		634,896		637,706		(2,810)
Other receivables		1,073,299		1,147,530		(74,231)
Lease receivable		457,877		-		457,877
Prepaid assets		41,393		6,028		35,365
Capital assets, not being depreciated		676,530		676,530		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		13,118,344		13,526,091		(407,747)
Total assets		46,265,667		42,363,725		3,901,942
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		2,197,070		2,233,451		(36,381)
Noncurrent liabilities		38,016		23,087		14,929
Total liabilities		2,235,086		2,256,538		(21,452)
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Lease related		457,877		_		457,877
		101,011				101,011
Total liabilities		457,877		_		457,877
		407,077				407,077
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		13,794,874		14,202,621		(407,747)
Restricted				17,202,021		, ,
		1,176,443		-		1,176,443
Unrestricted		28,601,387		25,904,566		2,696,821
Total not position	¢	43,572,704	\$	40,107,187	\$	3,465,517
Total net position	φ	43,372,704	φ	40,107,107	φ	5,405,517

In fiscal year 2021-2022, the Commission's net position increased by \$3.5 million, as seen above. The increase was due to an increase in cash and investments compared to prior year.

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPARISON

	Ju	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		Change
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	98,827	\$	(98,827)
Grants and contributions		11,247,371		11,957,302		(709,931)
General revenues (expenses)		(160,076)		5,230,106		(5,390,182)
Total revenue		11,087,295		17,286,235		(6,198,940)
EXPENSES						
Child development services		7,621,778		7,782,131		(160,353)
Total expenditures		7,621,778		7,782,131		(160,353)
·						
Change in net position	\$	3,465,517	\$	9,504,104	\$	(6,038,587)

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S GOVERNMENTAL FUND

For the fiscal year, the Commission reported an ending fund balance of \$29,777,464, an increase of approximately \$3.9 million (see page 14).

#### **Revenue and Expenditure Analysis – Governmental Funds**

Total revenue consists of Proposition 10 funds, Proposition 56 funds, external grant revenues, investment earnings, and other revenues. As shown in the Governmental Fund Activities Comparison above, there was a decrease in total revenues from \$23.5 million, in the prior year, to approximately \$11 million for the fiscal year 2021-2022. The main reason for the difference is the removal of the long-term loan liability (other financing sources) in the prior year which was associated with the resolve of the New Markets Tax Credit requirements for the Lighthouse for Children facility. Program Revenues decreased, compared to the year ended June 30, 2021, by \$619K. This included Proposition 10 Revenue decreasing by \$669K and Proposition 56 backfill revenue increasing by \$51K. Additionally, unrealized investments saw a loss of \$520K to the portfolio compared to the prior year's gains on investment. Grant revenue from external sources such as First 5 California for IMPACT (Improve and Maximize Programs so All Children Thrive) and Quality Counts California efforts decreased by \$90K. Through this fiscal year's activity, the Commission's goal to support and enhance the early childhood service system and their commitment to serving the young children and families in Fresno County remained consistent with the prior year.

One example of program investments during the 2021-2022 fiscal year: The COVID-19 pandemic further illuminated the need to lift up and enhance the capacity and leadership advancement of African American-led community-based organizations (CBOs) who are historically underserved, under resourced, and underfunded. These valuable CBOs are trusted sources of vital medical, behavioral, and social supports and interventions for African American families within Fresno County, yet, according to a Bridespan report, unrestricted net assets of Black-led organizations are 76 percent smaller than their white-led counterparts. It was clear to the Commission that there stood a need for local funders to support organizational capacity-building opportunities that promote the sustained excellence of CBO leaders through racial healing and connections, while positioning these organizations for future investments from a diverse set of funders. Acknowledging that we are only one part of the system, the Commission partnered with United Way of Fresno and Madera Counties with a \$50,000 agreement for two years to launch a nine-month learning cohort to do just that. The first Building Black Program cohort launched in March 2022 with class session topics including executive coaching, grant reporting, organizational advancement, and resiliency. This leveraged investment directly aligns with the Commission's larger commitment to the prevention of infant mortality in the African American community. Intentionally supporting leaders of Fresno County's Black-led CBOs serving young children and families will increase organizational capacity and create better birth and health outcomes for all.

#### CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL FUND ACTIVITIES COMPARISON

316,319 \$ (619,251)
640,983 (90,680)
571,046 (571,046)
- 183,568
956,060 (10,956,060)
184,408 (12,053,469)
562,966 (163,916)
43,920 (13,742)
380,200 5,911
- 343,644
956,060 (10,956,060)
343,146 (10,784,163)
<u>141,262</u> <u>\$ (1,269,306)</u>

# Fund Budgetary Highlights

This section contains an explanation of the significant differences between the Commission's final budget amounts and actual amounts, and original and final budget amounts recorded for revenues and expenditures for fiscal year 2021-2022 as detailed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual (shown on pages 34-35). In fiscal year 2021-2022, the Commission received actual revenues of \$11.4 million compared to the budgeted amount of \$9.8 million. In preparing the budget, the Commission considered variables such as declining tobacco consumption, the effects of changes in legislation, and lower returns on investments. Actual total revenues were \$1.6 million more than budgeted, which was mainly due to receiving more than anticipated backfill revenue from Proposition 56 than anticipated and other revenues came in at \$67K more than expected.

In fiscal year 2021-2022, actual expenditures were \$8.6 million less than budgeted. This is due to the Commission committing roughly \$9.0 million of that amount to be spent out in subsequent fiscal years on programmatic investments.

A schedule of the Commission's original and final budget amounts compared with actual revenues and expenses is provided on pages 34-35 in the audited financial report.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital assets of \$13.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation) are for the Lighthouse for Children facility and equipment, the Huron land and child care facility, and the associated equipment purchased. Details of net capital assets are as follows:

		Governmen			
	Ju	ine 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	 Change
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$	676,530	\$	676,530	\$ -
Capital assets being depreciated		16,250,953		16,250,953	-
Accumulated depreciation		(3,132,609)		(2,724,862)	 407,747
Total capital assets, net	\$	13,794,874	\$	14,202,621	\$ 407,747

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission did not have any outstanding long-term debt, however, the Commission does have one long-term obligation for compensated absences. See Note 9 for details.

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

To develop the 2020-2025 Strategic Plan, a series of planning sessions were held to discuss, review, and provide staff direction on the Commission's financial resources and strategies for the five-year period of the Strategic Plan and the Long-Range Financial Plan (LRFP). For accountability, the Commission does an annual review of the agency's budget and LRFP. The Commission's commitment to continued collaboration with community partners and to leveraging resources to maximize funds remains. Due to reduced revenue and limited resources, it is increasingly important to rely on the available expertise and knowledge of the community and build on initiatives that have strong foundations of evidence. This unified approach not only allows for a more effective use of resources, but it also allows for enhanced focus and greater collective impact.

In development of its 2020-2025 Strategic Plan, the Commission collaborated with community entities to establish a joint early childhood community agenda for Fresno County from preconception to age 5 called the *Preconception to Age 5 Blueprint for Funding and Advocacy (Blueprint)*. The process included community engagement with parents, caregivers and service providers. The feedback received, complemented by the momentum of existing community efforts, formed the basis of the new 2020-2025 Strategic Plan which outlines the Commission's investments to address challenges our families are facing in responsive, collaborative, and innovative ways. Both the Blueprint and the Commission's 2020-2025 Strategic Plan can be found on the Commission's website at www.first5fresno.org.

The following approximate program allocations show the Commission's funding priorities for the upcoming year in the approved budget:

- Help Me Grow Fresno County \$300k
- Thriving Families Service Programs \$2.5 million
- Community Learning Center \$335k
- Patient-Centered Prenatal Care \$235k
- > African American Infant Mortality Prevention \$1.4 million
- Quality Rating Improvement System \$1.6k
- Innovation & Learning \$579k

#### CONTACTING THE COMMISSION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commission's finances for all those interested. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Children and Families Commission of Fresno County, 2405 Tulare Street, Suite 200, Fresno, CA 93721.

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# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	30,263,328
Due from the state	Ŧ	634,896
Other receivables		1,073,299
Lease receivable		457,877
Prepaid assets		41,393
Capital assets not being depreciated:		
Land		676,530
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		13,113,010
Equipment		5,334
Total assets		46,265,667
		-,,
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		2,181,175
Accrued payroll and related taxes		10,359
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due in one year:		5,536
Compensated absences Due in more than one year:		5,550
Compensated absences		38,016
Total liabilities		2,235,086
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Lease related		457,877
Total deferred inflows of resources		457,877
NET POSITION		40 704 074
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		13,794,874
		1,176,443 28,601,387
Unrestricted		20,001,307
Total net position	\$	43,572,704
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## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Operating	
		Grants and	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Contributions	Net Position
Child development services	\$ 7,621,778	\$ 11,247,371	\$ 3,625,593
Total	\$ 7,621,778	<u>\$ 11,247,371</u>	3,625,593
	General revenues and Interest and investme Miscellaneous incom	ent earnings (loss)	(343,644) 183,568
	Total general revenues	(160,076)	
	Change in net position	3,465,517	
	Net position - beginning	40,107,187	
	Net position - end of ye	\$ 43,572,704	

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund	ighthouse cial Revenue Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and investments Due from the state Other receivables Lease receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	30,218,906 634,896 1,073,299 457,877 41,393	\$ 44,422 - - - -	\$ 30,263,328 634,896 1,073,299 457,877 41,393
Total assets	\$	32,426,371	\$ 44,422	\$ 32,470,793
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related taxes	\$	2,180,671 10,359	\$ 504 -	\$ 2,181,175 10,359
Total liabilities		2,191,030	 504	 2,191,534
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Lease related		457,877	\$ 	 457,877
Total deferred inflows of resources		457,877	 	 457,877
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned		41,393 1,176,443 9,322,027 19,237,601	 - - 43,918	 41,393 1,176,443 9,322,027 19,281,519
Total fund balance		29,777,464	 43,918	 29,821,382
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	32,426,371	\$ 44,422	\$ 32,470,793

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 29,821,382
Capital assets of \$16,927,483, net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,132,609, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported in the governmental	
funds.	13,794,874
Compensated absences liability is not due in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the governmental funds.	 (43,552)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 43,572,704

# CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund		ghthouse ial Revenue Fund		Total
REVENUES						
Proposition 10 taxes	\$	7,258,257	\$	_	\$	7,258,257
Proposition 56 taxes	Ψ	2,438,811	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,438,811
Grant revenue		1,550,303		_		1,550,303
Other revenue		183,559		9		183,568
Other levenue		105,559		9		103,300
Total revenues		11,430,930		9		11,430,939
EXPENDITURES						
Program services		6,399,050		-		6,399,050
Evaluation services		430,178		-		430,178
Administrative costs		379,226		6,885		386,111
Interest and investment loss		343,644				343,644
Total expenditures		7,552,098		6,885		7,558,983
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		3,878,832		(6,876)		3,871,956
Net change in fund balance		3,878,832		(6,876)		3,871,956
Fund balances - beginning of year		25,898,632		50,794		25,949,426
Fund balances - end of year	\$	29,777,464	\$	43,918	\$	29,821,382

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 3,871,956
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	(407,747)
Compensated absences expense reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, it is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds	 1,308
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 3,465,517

# NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

The Children and Families Commission of Fresno County (the Commission) was established by Fresno County Ordinance, Chapter 2.38, pursuant to the provision of Health and Safety Code Section 130140. The Commission was established for the support and improvement of early childhood development within Fresno County consistent with, and in furtherance of, the purposes of the California Children and Families Commission (the State), pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 130125(b). The Commission consists of up to seven members appointed by the Fresno County Board of Supervisors.

The State of California implemented the "California Children and Families Act of 1998" which provides for the Commission to receive proceeds from tax and tobacco products. The monies are allocated to local Children and Families Commissions by the State based on the number of births in each county in proportion to the total number of births in all counties.

# A. Reporting Entity

The governmental reporting entity consists of the Commission and its component unit, Lighthouse for Children, Inc. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Commission is financially accountable or organizations whose nature and significant relationship are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the Commission's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Commission. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method because it provides services exclusively or almost exclusively to the Commission and a financial benefit relationship exists between the Commission and the component unit.

The blended component unit, Lighthouse for Children, Inc., a non-profit, benefit corporation, is governed by a board whose majority comprises Fresno County First 5 Commissioners. The specific charitable purposes of this corporation are: 1) to provide the vision and means for the children of Fresno County to enter school in good health, ready and able to learn, and emotionally well-developed by providing culturally, individually, and developmentally-appropriate parenting and nurturing support and access to resources regarding health care, nutrition, and smoking prevention and cessation; 2) to serve as an incubator for knowledge in the community regarding child welfare and development; 3) to generally carry out the goals of the Children and Families Commission of Fresno County; and 4) to develop infrastructure that promotes the social welfare of Fresno County children and their parents, and enables the corporation to better accomplish the above-stated purposes, which may include acquiring, owning, operating, and leasing property within a low-income community to community charities and businesses. This corporation is also authorized to receive contributions and to make donations to, and otherwise aid and support, legally permissible undertakings consistent with the above-stated purposes. Separate financial statements are prepared for Lighthouse for Children, Inc. and may be obtained from the Lighthouse for Children, Inc., 2405 Tulare Street, Fresno, California 93721.

The basic financial statements included in this report are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only the Commission. They are not intended to present the financial position and the results of operations of the County of Fresno taken as a whole. For additional information regarding the County of Fresno, please refer to the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report available from the County of Fresno.

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements of the Commission are prepared on the basis of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, and related standards. GASB Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities which includes a management's discussions and analysis section, a statement of net position, a statement of activities, and if applicable, a statement of cash flows.

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expense are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, interest on investments, and intergovernmental revenues. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year in which they are levied, provided they are collected in the current period or within 60 days thereafter. Interest on invested funds is recognized when earned. Intergovernmental revenues that are reimbursements for specific expenditures are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* accounts for those operations that provide services to the public.

The *Lighthouse Special Revenue Fund* accounts for the activity of Lighthouse for Children, Inc., a blended component unit of the Commission.

Both the Commission and the Lighthouse for Children, Inc. adopt annual appropriated budgets. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

#### **Budgetary Procedures**

The Commission is required to prepare a budget each year based on estimates of revenues and expected expenditures. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgetary control is exercised at the major object level. All changes to the budget during the year require the approval of the Commission. All unencumbered annual appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

#### **Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

#### Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term debt obligations, which have not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental fund as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental fund but are recognized in the governmental-wide statements.

#### Cash and Investments

The Commission is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchased or reverse repurchase agreements.

State statutes and the Commission's Investment Policy authorize the Commission to invest in U.S. Government Treasury and Agency Securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate bonds and notes, repurchases agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, investments held by the County Treasurer are stated at fair value. The fair value of pooled investments is determined quarterly and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer.

#### Accounts Receivable

The Commission utilizes the allowance method of accounting for and reporting uncollectible or doubtful accounts. At June 30, 2022, management considered all accounts to be fully collectible and, therefore, no allowance was recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized. The Commission does not possess any infrastructure. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful life:

Buildings	15-90 years
Building Improvements	
Leasehold Improvements	
Equipment	

## Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All current and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment at year end.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Commission maintains a Paid Time Off (PTO) program that combines vacation and sick leave benefits into a single PTO bank. Beginning with an eligible employee's first day of employment, PTO will accrue at a rate of 6.154 hours per pay period. After five years of continuous employment, the accrual rate will increase to 7.69 hours per pay period. Once 300 hours are accrued, PTO will no longer accrue until some of the previously accrued PTO is taken. After some PTO is taken, PTO, again, begins to accrue. Payment in lieu of PTO will not be made except at the time of employment status change, i.e., from a position that earns PTO to a position that does not earn vacation, or at the time of termination of employment. In the basic financial statements, these amounts are referred to as compensated absences.

In the governmental fund financial statements, a liability for these amounts is reported only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements prior to year-end, and payment of the liability is made subsequent to year-end. This is in accordance with GASB Interpretation No. 6, *Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.* 

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

#### **Fund Balance**

#### Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Commission is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- *Nonspendable* This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted* This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of the Children and Family Commission. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of the Children and Family Commission remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Commission's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of the Children and Families Commission. Further, the Commission may designate a body/committee or an official who can specify such purposes, such as through the budgetary process.
- Unassigned This classification includes any negative residual amounts that may exist as a result of
  expenditures incurred for specific purposes in excess of amounts restricted, committed or assigned to
  those purposes.

The Commission establishes and modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or policy. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget as a designation or commitment of the fund, such as approved contracts. Assigned fund balance is established by the Commission through adoption or amendment of the budget, or future year budget, plan as intended for a specific purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

## **Net Position**

Net position represents the residual interest in the Commission's assets after liabilities are deducted. In the government-wide financial statement, net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- *Net investment in capital assets* This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted This component of net position consists of assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets". The Commission's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

# Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Pronouncements

#### New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

#### **Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87**

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the Commission's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the Commission's June 30, 2022 financial statements and had no effect on the beginning net position of the General Fund.

# NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Cash in banks Investments	\$ 3,526,334 26,736,994
Total cash and investments	\$ 30,263,328

# A. Policies and Practices

The Commission is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments. Details regarding the types of allowable investments and any limitations are listed under General Authorization of this Note.

## B. Investment in County Treasury

The Commission is considered to be a voluntary participant in an external investment pool as the Commission deposits many receipts and collections of monies with the Fresno County Treasurer. The fair value of the Commission's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the Commission's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the Fresno County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the Fresno County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

# C. General Authorization

As per California Government Code and the Commission's Investment Policy, limitations to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Mutual Funds	n/a	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	n/a	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	n/a	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	n/a	None	None
Joint Power Agency (JPA) Pools (other investment pools)	n/a	None	None

# NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

## D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Commission manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Commission's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the Commission's Investments by maturity:

	onths	)							
Investment Type		Amount	12 r	nonths or less	13	to 24 months	25 to 60 months		
U.S. Treasuries	\$	5,918,538	\$	501,477	\$	1,513,664	\$	3,903,397	
Federal Agencies (non-callable)		1,143,839		73,085		441,687		629,067	
Federal Agency Mortgage Backed Securities		316,559		33,931		102,588		180,040	
Supranationals		395,827		60,638		77,058		258,131	
Municipal Obligations		562,080		-		74,542		487,538	
Corporate Notes		2,374,443		39,198		1,040,976		1,294,269	
Asset-Backed Securities		407,810		-		2,412		405,398	
Money Market Mutual Funds		72,318		72,318		-		-	
County Pooled Investments Funds		15,545,580		15,545,580		-		-	
Total	\$	26,736,994	\$	16,326,227	\$	3,252,927	\$	7,157,840	

# E. Credit Rate Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Commission's Investment in the County Pool is not required to be rated, nor has it been rated as of June 30, 2022.

		Minimum						F	Rating as of	f Ye	ear-End						
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Legal Rating	AAA	AA+		AA	 AA-		A+		A	 A-	 A-1+		BBB+		Not Rated
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 5,918,538	N/A	\$ -	\$ 5,918,538	\$	- ;	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$-	\$	-
Federal Agencies (non-callable)	1,143,839	N/A	-	1,143,839		-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-
Federal Agency Mortgage																	
Backed Securities	316,559	N/A	-	316,559		-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-
Supranationals	395,827	AAA	395,827	-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-
Municipal Obligations	562,080	N/A	117,391	181,583		188,564	-		-		-	-		-	-		74,542
Corporate Notes	2,374,443	A-	-	70,570		61,833	71,271		616,639		406,052	718,707		-	450,609		-
Asset-Backed Securities	407,810	AA	358,591	-		-	-		-		-	-		-			49,219
Money Market Mutual Funds	72,318	AAA	-	-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-		72,318
County Pooled Investments Funds	 15,545,580	N/A	 <u> </u>		_	<u> </u>	 -		<u> </u>		-	 -		-		_	15,545,580
Total	\$ 26,736,994		\$ 871,809	<u>\$ 7,631,089</u>	\$	250,397	\$ 71,271	\$	616,639	\$	406,052	\$ 718,707	\$	-	<u>\$ 450,609</u>	\$	15,741,659

# NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

# F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Commission's Investment Policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of the total investments are as follows:

		Reported	% of Total
Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	Investments
Fresno County Investment Pool	Investment Pool	\$ 15,545,580	58.1%
U.S. Treasury	Treasury Securities	\$ 5,918,538	22.1%

# G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the Commission's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the Commission's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. The District has waived collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Bank balances were \$3,526,298, the total amount of which was insured and/or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the Commission.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Commission's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF). The Commission has no custodial credit risk exposure for investments because all the Commission's investments are held in a third-party custodian bank in the name of the Commission.

#### NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, fair value is defined as the price that the Commission would receive upon selling an asset or have paid to transfer a liability at the reporting date. Generally accepted accounting principles established a three-tier hierarchy to maximize the use of observable market data and minimize the use of unobservable inputs, and to establish classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are those that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly, and fair value is determined through the use of other valuation methodologies

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are not observable and significant to the overall fair value measurements, including the Commission's own assumptions in determining the fair value of assets or liabilities.

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of June 30, 2022, in valuing the Commission's assets carried at fair value:

Investments by fair value level	 Total	 Level 1		Level 2	 Level 3
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 5,918,538	\$	-	\$ 5,918,538	\$ -
Federal Agencies (non-callable)	1,143,839		-	1,143,839	-
Federal Agency Mortgage Backed Securities	316,559		-	316,559	-
Supranationals	395,827		-	395,827	-
Municipal Obligations	562,080		-	562,080	-
Corporate Notes	2,374,443		-	2,374,443	-
Asset-Backed Securities	 407,810		-	 407,810	 
Total investments measured by fair value	11,119,096	\$ 	_	\$ 11,119,096	\$ 
Investments not subject to fair value hierarchy					
Money Market Mutual Funds	72,318				
County Pooled Investments Funds	 15,545,580				
Total investments	\$ 26,736,994				

# NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2022, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, state apportionments and local sources. All receivables, other than lease receivable, consisted of the following:

State government:	
Proposition 10	\$ 630,280
Surplus Money Investment Fund	4,616
Other sources	 1,073,299
Total	\$ 1,708,195

# NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	(	Balance 6/30/2021	 Additions	Deletions	 Balance 6/30/2022
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	676,530	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$ 676,530
Total capital assets not being depreciated		676,530	 <u> </u>		 676,530
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment		119,310	-	-	119,310
Buildings and improvements		16,131,643	 -		 16,131,643
Total capital assets being depreciated		16,250,953	 		 16,250,953
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Equipment		(109,520)	(4,456)	-	(113,976)
Buildings and improvements		(2,615,342)	 (403,291)		 (3,018,633)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,724,862)	 (407,747)		 (3,132,609)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		13,526,091	 (407,747)		 13,118,344
Total capital assets, net	\$	14,202,621	\$ (407,747)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 13,794,874

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$407,747.

# NOTE 7 – LEASES

The Commission reported Leases Receivable of \$457,877 as of June 30, 2022. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission reported \$99,902 in lease revenues and \$3,986 in lease interest revenues.

Office Space Lease - FCSS SELPA Department – On July 1, 2017, the Commission entered into a fourteenyear lease agreement with Fresno County Superintendent of Schools (FCSS), for the use of a portion (1,408 sq. ft.) of the third-floor office space at the Lighthouse for Children facility for their Special Education Local Plan Area (SELPA) Program staff. Based on this agreement, the Commission will receive monthly payments through June 2031. Either party may terminate the lease agreement for any reason with a ninety-day (90) written notice prior to the termination date. The tenant may request a lease extension by submitting a written notice ninetydays (90) prior to expiration of the current lease term. Both parties must agree to an extension upon negotiation of terms. The lease receivable was discounted to a net present value using a 0.9% interest rate, which was provided by the California State Controller's Office.

Office Space Lease - FCSS Early Care & Education Department – On July 1, 2021, the Commission entered into a three-year lease agreement with Fresno County Superintendent of Schools (FCSS), Early Care & Education Department (ECE), for the use of a portion (23,427 sq. ft.) of the first floor and outdoor playground area at the Lighthouse for Children facility, to operate the Child Development Center. Based on this agreement, the Commission will receive monthly payments through June 2024. Either party may terminate the lease agreement for any reason with a written notice one-hundred twenty (120) days prior to the termination date. The tenant may request a lease extension by submitting a written notice ninety-days (90) prior to expiration of the current lease term. Both parties must agree to the upon negotiation of terms. The lease receivable was discounted to a net present value using a 0.2% interest rate, which was provided by the California State Controller's Office.

Office Space Lease – Simpson Speech & Language – On March 1, 2021, the Commission entered into a twoyear lease agreement with Simpson Speech and Language (SSL) for the use of a portion (719.75 sq. ft.) of the second-floor office space at the Lighthouse for Children facility. Based on this agreement, the Commission will receive monthly payments through June 2024. Either party may terminate the lease agreement for any reason with a ninety-day (90) written notice prior to the termination date. The tenant may request a lease extension by submitting a written notice ninety-days (90) prior to expiration of the current lease term. Both parties must agree to the extension upon negotiation of terms. The lease receivable was discounted to a net present value using a 0.2% interest rate, which was provided by the California State Controller's Office.

The leases are summarized below by lease holder as follows:

Lease Holder	Re	Lease eceivable	Lease	e Revenue	Lease Interest Revenue			
FCSS - SELPA FCSS - ECE SSL	\$	438,307 9,664 9,906	\$	80,771 4,261 14,870	\$	3,932 22 32		
Total	\$	457,877	\$	99,902	\$	3,986		

# NOTE 7 – LEASES (Continued)

Future lease principal and interest payments due to the Commission under non-cancelable agreements are as follows for the years ending June 30:

Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30	F	Principal	Ir	nterest
2023	\$	92,070	\$	3,650
2024		82,485		2,935
2025		39,390		2,388
2026		39,746		2,032
2027		40,106		1,672
2028-2031		164,080		3,033
Total	\$	457,877	\$	15,710

# NOTE 8 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2022:

Program grantees and expenses	\$ 2,172,008
Vendors	 8,663
Total	\$ 2,180,671

# **NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2021		Additions	Deletions	 Balance 6/30/2022	Due within One Year		
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$	44,860	\$ 30,019	\$	(31,327)	\$ 43,552	\$	5,536
Total	\$	44,860	\$ 30,019	\$	(31,327)	\$ 43,552	\$	5,536

#### A. Compensated Absences – Governmental Activities

Compensated absences, which combines vacation and sick leave benefits into a single PTO bank account, amounted to \$43,552 at June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Commission's 401(a) Plan (the Plan) is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Commissioners of the Commission and administered through MissionSquare Retirement, a non-profit independent financial services corporation. The provisions and contribution requirements of the Plan are established and may be amended by the Commissioners of the Commission. The Plan covers all full-time employees and provides for immediate 100% vesting for the participants. The Commission makes contributions of 8.74% of compensation to the Plan for employees. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission make contributions to the Plan of \$57,995.

The Commission also offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with IRC Section 457 and administered through MissionSquare Retirement, a non-profit independent financial services corporation. The Plan, available to all full-time Commission employees, permits them to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. The Commission is not required to make contributions to the plan, and all contributions made to the Plan are solely at the discretion of employees.

#### NOTE 11 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as described in Note 2. A detailed schedule of fund balance as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Nonspendable: Prepaid vendor	\$ 41,393
Restricted: Outside grant funding	1,176,443
Committed: Awarded and unpaid grants	9,322,027
Assigned:	
First 5 Initiatives	19,237,601
Lighthouse Special Revenue Fund	 43,918
Total fund balance	\$ 29,821,382

#### NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, employee's health and natural disasters. The Commission manages these various risks of loss by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. Their policy includes coverage for bodily injury, property damage, personal injury, automobile liability, directors' and officers' liability, public officials' errors and omissions, and non-owned and hired autos. In addition, the Commission maintains a workers' compensation insurance policy and a health benefits insurance package for its employees. Settlements have not exceeded covered amounts for the past three years.

#### NOTE 13 – EVALUATION EXPENDITURES

The Commission expended \$430,178 on program evaluation during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

# NOTE 14 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Commission received the majority of its funding from one source, taxes imposed by Section 30131.2 of the California Tax and Revenue Code. This code imposes additional taxes on the sale of cigarettes and tobacco products. The total amount of funding the Commission received from the additional taxes for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$9,697,068, or 87.46%, of the total revenue for the year. The Commission is thus subject to possible risk of reductions in services and/or closure due to potential future changes of Section 30131.2 of the California Tax and Revenue Code.

# NOTE 15 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments and contingencies, undeterminable in amount, include normal recurring pending claims and litigation.

# A. Grantee Obligations

As of June 30, 2022, the Commission's remaining obligations to grantees of \$9,322,027 is included as committed fund balance.

#### B. Litigation

In the opinion of management, based upon discussion with legal counsel, there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Commission.

## NOTE 16 – UNCERTAINTY

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus, COVID-19, a pandemic. Accordingly, some functions of the Commission's operations have been limited to protect the health and safety of its employees. The financial impact that could occur as a result of the pandemic is unknown at this time.

#### NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated and concluded that there were no subsequent events that have occurred from June 30, 2022, through the date the financial statements were available to be issued at October 10, 2022 that would require disclosure or adjustment.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND (BUDGET TO ACTUAL) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Original         Final         Actual         Final Budget           Proposition 10 taxes         \$ 7,147,812         \$ 7,258,257         \$ 110,445           Proposition 56 taxes         787,229         787,229         2,438,811         1,651,582           Grant revenue         1,615,625         1,721,233         1,550,303         (170,930)           Interest and investment earnings         60,000         60,000         -         (60,000)           Other revenue         9,726,956         9,832,564         11,430,930         1,598,366           EXPENDITURES         \$ 1,078,491         1,061,972         821,873         240,099           Salaries and employee benefits         1,078,491         1,061,972         821,873         240,099           Services and supplies         483,953         576,999         328,956         248,043           Evaluation services         450,000         450,000         377,694         72,306           Grant expenditures         -         -         343,644         (343,644)           Interest and investment loss         -         -         343,644         (343,644)           Total expenditures         9,726,956         16,213,476         7,552,098         8,661,378           Excess (deficien		Budgeted Amounts					Va	ariance with	
Proposition 10 taxes       \$ 7,147,812       \$ 7,147,812       \$ 7,258,257       \$ 110,445         Proposition 56 taxes       787,229       787,229       2,438,811       1,651,582         Grant revenue       1,615,625       1,721,233       1,550,303       (170,930)         Interest and investment earnings       60,000       60,000       -       (60,000)         Other revenue       116,290       116,290       183,559       67,269         Total revenues       9,726,956       9,832,564       11,430,930       1,598,366         EXPENDITURES       1,078,491       1,061,972       821,873       240,099         Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance		Original Final		Actual		Final Budget			
Proposition 56 taxes $787,229$ $787,229$ $2,438,811$ $1,651,582$ Grant revenue $1,615,625$ $1,721,233$ $1,550,303$ $(170,930)$ Interest and investment earnings $60,000$ $60,000$ $60,000$ $(60,000)$ Other revenue $116,290$ $116,290$ $1183,559$ $67,269$ Total revenues $9,726,956$ $9,832,564$ $11,430,930$ $1,598,366$ <b>EXPENDITURES</b> $83airies$ and employee benefits $1,078,491$ $1,061,972$ $821,873$ $240,099$ Services and supplies $483,953$ $576,999$ $328,956$ $248,043$ Evaluation services $450,000$ $450,000$ $377,694$ $72,306$ Grant expenditures $7,714,512$ $14,124,505$ $5,679,931$ $8,444,574$ Interest and investment loss $  343,644$ $(343,644)$ Total expenditures $9,726,956$ $16,213,476$ $7,552,098$ $8,661,378$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures $ (6,380,912)$ $3,878,832$ $10,259,744$ Net change in fund balance $$$ $$$ $$(6,380,912)$ $3,878,832$ $$10,259,744$ Fund balance - beginning of year $25,898,632$	REVENUES								
Grant revenue       1,615,625       1,721,233       1,550,303       (170,930)         Interest and investment earnings       60,000       60,000       -       (60,000)         Other revenue       116,290       116,290       183,559       67,269         Total revenues       9,726,956       9,832,564       11,430,930       1,598,366         EXPENDITURES       3alaries and employee benefits       1,078,491       1,061,972       821,873       240,099         Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632       -	Proposition 10 taxes	\$	7,147,812	\$	7,147,812	\$	7,258,257	\$	
Interest and investment earnings         60,000         60,000         -         (60,000)           Other revenue         116,290         116,290         183,559         67,269           Total revenues         9,726,956         9,832,564         11,430,930         1,598,366           EXPENDITURES         Salaries and employee benefits         1,078,491         1,061,972         821,873         240,099           Services and supplies         483,953         576,999         328,956         248,043           Evaluation services         450,000         450,000         377,694         72,306           Grant expenditures         7,714,512         14,124,505         5,679,931         8,444,574           Interest and investment loss         -         -         343,644         (343,644)           Total expenditures         9,726,956         16,213,476         7,552,098         8,661,378           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         -         -         (6,380,912)         3,878,832         10,259,744           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$ (6,380,912)         3,878,832         10,259,744           Fund balance - beginning of year         25,898,632         25,898,632         25,898,632         25,898,632	Proposition 56 taxes		787,229		787,229		2,438,811		1,651,582
Other revenue         116,290         116,290         183,559         67,269           Total revenues         9,726,956         9,832,564         11,430,930         1,598,366           EXPENDITURES         Salaries and employee benefits         1,078,491         1,061,972         821,873         240,099           Services and supplies         1,078,491         1,061,972         821,873         240,099           Services and supplies         483,953         576,999         328,956         248,043           Evaluation services         450,000         450,000         377,694         72,306           Grant expenditures         7,714,512         14,124,505         5,679,931         8,444,574           Interest and investment loss         -         -         343,644         (343,644)           Total expenditures         9,726,956         16,213,476         7,552,098         8,661,378           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         -         -         (6,380,912)         3,878,832         10,259,744           Net change in fund balance         \$         -         \$ (6,380,912)         3,878,832         10,259,744           Fund balance - beginning of year         25,898,632         25,898,632         25,898,632         25,898,632	Grant revenue		1,615,625		1,721,233		1,550,303		(170,930)
Total revenues       9,726,956       9,832,564       11,430,930       1,598,366         EXPENDITURES       Salaries and employee benefits       1,078,491       1,061,972       821,873       240,099         Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744	Interest and investment earnings		60,000		60,000		-		(60,000)
EXPENDITURES         Salaries and employee benefits       1,078,491       1,061,972       821,873       240,099         Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss	Other revenue		116,290		116,290		183,559		67,269
EXPENDITURES         Salaries and employee benefits       1,078,491       1,061,972       821,873       240,099         Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss									
Salaries and employee benefits       1,078,491       1,061,972       821,873       240,099         Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year      25,898,632      25,898,632	Total revenues		9,726,956		9,832,564		11,430,930		1,598,366
Salaries and employee benefits       1,078,491       1,061,972       821,873       240,099         Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year      25,898,632      25,898,632									
Services and supplies       483,953       576,999       328,956       248,043         Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632       10,259,744       10,259,744	EXPENDITURES								
Evaluation services       450,000       450,000       377,694       72,306         Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632       10,259,744       10,259,744	Salaries and employee benefits		1,078,491		1,061,972		821,873		240,099
Grant expenditures       7,714,512       14,124,505       5,679,931       8,444,574         Interest and investment loss       -       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632       25,898,632       10,259,744	Services and supplies		483,953		576,999		328,956		248,043
Interest and investment loss       -       343,644       (343,644)         Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632       10,259,744	Evaluation services		450,000		450,000		377,694		72,306
Total expenditures       9,726,956       16,213,476       7,552,098       8,661,378         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632       25,898,632	Grant expenditures		7,714,512		14,124,505		5,679,931		8,444,574
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632	Interest and investment loss		-		_		343,644		(343,644)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632									
(under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632	Total expenditures		9,726,956		16,213,476		7,552,098		8,661,378
(under) expenditures       -       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       10,259,744         Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$ (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$ 10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632       25,898,632									
Net change in fund balance       \$       -       \$       (6,380,912)       3,878,832       \$       10,259,744         Fund balance - beginning of year       25,898,632	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
Fund balance - beginning of year     25,898,632	(under) expenditures		-		(6,380,912)		3,878,832		10,259,744
Fund balance - beginning of year     25,898,632									
	Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	(6,380,912)		3,878,832	\$	10,259,744
	Fund balance - beginning of year						25,898,632		
Fund balance - end of year $$ 29,777,464$	Fund balance - end of year					\$	29,777,464		

### CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – LIGHTHOUSE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (BUDGET TO ACTUAL) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES Other revenue	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$9</u>	<u>\$ (1</u> )	
Total revenues	10	10	9	(1)	
EXPENDITURES					
Insurance and tax expense	705	705	695	10	
Professional services expense	4,350	4,350	6,190	(1,840)	
Total expenditures	5,055	5,055	6,885	(1,830)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,045)	(5,045)	(6,876)	(1,831)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (5,045)	<u>\$ (5,045</u> )	(6,876)	<u>\$ (1,831</u> )	
Fund balance - beginning of year			50,794		
Fund balance - end of year			<u>\$ 43,918</u>		

#### CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

## NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Commission adopts a budget annually in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles based on estimates of revenue and anticipated expenditures. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

### NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The General Fund incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations for the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Interest and investment loss \$343,644

The Lighthouse Special Revenue Fund incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations for the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Professional services expense \$1,840

Expenditures in excess of appropriations would be covered by the available fund balance in the respective fund.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF FIRST 5 CALIFORNIA (F5CA) FUNDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PROGRAM OR PROJECT TITLE		REVENUE F5CA		EXPENDITURES		CHANGE IN NET POSITION		NET POSITION BEG OF YEAR		NET POSITION END OF YEAR	
First 5 IMPACT Program	IMPACT Hub Program Funds County, Local IMPACT Funds Home Visitation Coordination	\$	554,263 572,480 178,308	\$	553,910 572,480 178,308	\$	353 - -	\$	- - -	\$	353 - -
TOTAL F5CA FUNDS		\$	1,305,051	\$	1,304,698	\$	353	\$	-	\$	353

# OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners of Children and Families Commission of Fresno County Fresno, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Children and Families Commission of Fresno County (the Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2022.

## **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

> 570 N. Magnolia Avenue, Suite 100 Clovis, CA 93611

> > tel 559.299.9540 fax 559.299.2344

www.ppcpas.com

## Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Price Parge & Company

Clovis, California October 10, 2022



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

To the Board of Commissioners of Children and Families Commission of Fresno County Fresno, California

### Compliance

We have audited the Fresno County Children and Families Commission's (Commission) compliance with the requirements specified in the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office, applicable to the Commission's statutory requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of the laws and regulations applicable to the California Children and Families Act.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Commission's compliance with the requirements referred to above based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office. Those standards and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State *Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the requirements referred to above could have a direct and material effect on the statutory requirements listed below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with those requirements. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Description	Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed	
Contracting and Procurement	6	Yes	
Administrative Costs	3	Yes	
Conflict-of-Interest	3	Yes	
County Ordinance	4	Yes	
Long-range Financial Plan	2	Yes	
Financial Condition of the Commission	1	Yes	570 N. Magnolia Avenue, Suite 100
Program Evaluation	3	Yes	Clovis, CA 93611
Salaries and Benefits Policies	2	Yes	Clovis, CA 73611

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## Opinion

In our opinion, California Children and Families Commission of Fresno County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the California Children and Families Program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Price Parge & Company

Clovis, California October 10, 2022

## CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>					
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X	No			
Significant deficiencies identified - not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X	No			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No			

## SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No findings in the current year.

### CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF FRESNO COUNTY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.